

# BIG SANCY NEWS.

Aut inveniam nam, aut faciam.

VOL. IV. NO. 45.

LOUISA. LAWRENCE CO., KY., JULY 11, 1889.

M. F. CONLEY Publisher.

## CURRENT TOPICS.

The American navy is having some respectable additions in sea-going vessels.

MICHIGAN has adopted a ballot reform law, based on the Australian system.

A HANNIBAL (Mo.) girl has discovered that chewing gum makes a good fish bait.

GEORGE BANCROFT, the historian, is now the oldest living graduate of Harvard.

A CHICAGO court decrees divorces granted by Jewish churches ineffectual in law.

SEVENTY-SIX years have passed away since the battle of Gettysburg was fought.

A CHICAGO enthusiast talks of erecting a tower in that city 3,000 feet in height.

LOS ANGELES, CAL., has decided to build a sewer to the sea, at a cost of \$2,500,000.

MISS AVA M. LONGFELLOW, daughter of the poet, is an enthusiastic amateur photographer.

This tide of immigration is weaker than it was a year ago by some 7,000 persons a month.

SEN BUTLER's best eye is now in poor condition, and it is feared that he may become totally blind.

It is reported that W. K. Vanderbilt has offered \$1,500,000 for the Secrean collection of pictures.

The bridal dress in which Miss Elizabeth Drexel was married the other day, cost five thousand dollars.

Chor prospects throughout the United States are unusually good. The year 1889 promises to be bountiful.

AN oak tree is growing out of the branches of a China tree on Mr. Hillman's place in Greene County, Ga.

The hot, dry spell that has so seriously damaged the crops in Dakota and Minnesota has been broken by good rains.

A LONDON physician of eminence maintains that the most potent cause of the dissemination of disease is kissing.

CHARGES have been made against leading members of the Detroit city council for demanding money from contractors.

Two negro emigration commissioners are in Mexico, trying to get hold of land on which to start a colony of their race.

SENATOR MORRILL, of Vermont, is seventy-nine years old and has represented his State at Washington for thirty-five years.

THE bride was one of our oldest citizens, says a Missouri exchange, and the editor wonders why he didn't receive any wedding cake.

THE best dressed woman, the woman with a baby, and the old woman are tendered a seat in the crowded street-car in the order mentioned.

THE output of lump coal from the Illinois mines in the year ending July 1, 1888, was 11,853,188 tons, the greatest in the history of the State.

It is a significant fact that of those who have committed suicide in this country during the last eight years two-thirds were of foreign birth.

THE late Simon Cameron began his career without a dollar, and he always proudly referred to this fact as furnishing the key to his success in life.

THE Scientific American recommends carbolic acid sprinkled on the bed to keep off mosquitoes. It would also have a tendency to keep off the sleeper.

SIR JULIAN PAUNCEFOTE, the British Minister, will sail for England shortly, and upon his return in the autumn will be accompanied by his wife and two daughters.

PROF. S. P. PITTMAN, prominent Arkansas educator, answered the advertisement of Sarah Jackson, of Chicago, and married her after an acquaintance of six hours.

THE playful act of a man in picking up another and dropping him over the side of an excursion steamer, resulting in his death, is looked upon in a New York court as murder.

FRANCE BISMARCK is said to take more pleasure in recounting the dueling and drinking feasts of his later triumphs than in relating any of his later triumphs in the field of statesmanship.

TULARE lake, in California, which was formerly 90 by 30 miles in extent, is now only 15 by 20. Although the water is strongly impregnated with borax and alkali, the lake is full of fish.

THE steamships that leave American ports are carrying an unusually large number of stowaway passengers to Europe. Most of them are foreigners who have been disappointed in America.

AN ex-suicide in Forsythe County, Ga., the other day, it hooked itself, and failing to effect its release, deliberately tied itself around the rope in a hard knot, thereby choking itself to death.

FREDERICK SHELMAN, of Garrett County, W. Va., expects to make his fortune some day by extracting gold from the teeth of dead bodies. He says there are millions of dollars thus going to waste.

A MISSOURIAN named Curtin proposes to expend \$50,000 in taking a vote for preferences in the presidential election of 1892, and then sell the result of his labor to the newspapers. The vote will require a year's time.

THE Hamburg steamer Suevia sailed from New York, the other day, with 850 teachers on board, bound for a tour through Europe and a visit to the Paris Exposition. By far the largest portion of the passengers were women, the average being fully eight women to every man.

A QUARRY of paving stone in which the slabs are streaked with red, white and blue has been discovered near Meadopolis, Wyoming County, Pa.

THE largest ferryboat in the world is the Solano, used in carrying between the Straits of Carquinez, between Benicia and Port Costa. It is 400 feet long and has a capacity of forty-eight freight cars and two locomotives.

A RECENT discussion about the height of trees in the forests of Victoria brings from the government botanist the statement that he has seen one 528 feet high. The chief inspector of forest measures a fallen one that was 485 feet high.

## BLOODY BATTLE.

Between a Lot of Alabama Crap Players.

A Colored Desperado Kills Two Men, Wounds Three Others and Is Himself Riddled With Bullets.

BIRMINGHAM, ALA., July 8.—At Gates City, six miles from Birmingham, yesterday morning Henry Nicholls, a colored gambler, shot and killed two men, wounded three others and was himself riddled with bullets. A crowd of negroes were shooting craps in the woods, and Nicholls and Johnson White quarreled over the game. Nicholls drew his pistol and shot White in the thigh. He then backed away, keeping his gun leveled at the crowd. As soon as he was out of sight, the other negroes hurried to Gate City and boarded a train for Birmingham, thinking Nicholls would get on the same train at some intermediate station. At the first station this side of Gate City Nicholls boarded the train with his revolver in his hand. As he entered the door of the car he caught sight of the pursuing party and at once opened fire. The fire was returned, and about twenty shots were fired. Jack Saunders was shot through the head and killed; Bob Gibson was shot through the lungs and killed; Will Smith was wounded in the hand; Jack Chaney, a white brakeman on the train, was struck by three stray balls and badly wounded. After Nicholls had shot Saunders and Gibson dead in the car, the negroes in the pursuing party recovered their nerve and riddled the desperado with balls and buckshot. He fell dead from the platform of the car, his head and face torn in shreds by a load of buckshot. The shooting created the wildest excitement among the passengers on the train. Johnson White, the first man shot by Nicholls, is reported last night, will die of his wound. He came near bleeding to death before a physician reached him. Jack Chaney, the white brakeman who was hit during the fight on the train, was taken to his home in the country and his condition can't be learned. He was shot through the body, and may die. Scott Dunn, a negro who was a passenger on the train, says the conductor told him that Nicholls after the latter had killed Saunders and Gibson, but other witnesses say no one fired a shot except the negroes. Jack Saunders was armed with a double-barreled shotgun, and after he was shot through the head he struggled to his feet and tried to shoot Nicholls, but fell dead with the gun in his hands.

THE BRIDAL DRESS. The bride was one of our oldest citizens, says a Missouri exchange, and the editor wonders why he didn't receive any wedding cake.

THE BEST DRESSED WOMAN. The woman with a baby, and the old woman are tendered a seat in the crowded street-car in the order mentioned.

THE OUTPUT OF LUMP COAL. From the Illinois mines in the year ending July 1, 1888, was 11,853,188 tons, the greatest in the history of the State.

IT IS A SIGNIFICANT FACT. That of those who have committed suicide in this country during the last eight years two-thirds were of foreign birth.

THE LATE SIMON CAMERON. Began his career without a dollar, and he always proudly referred to this fact as furnishing the key to his success in life.

THE SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN. Recommends carbolic acid sprinkled on the bed to keep off mosquitoes. It would also have a tendency to keep off the sleeper.

SIR JULIAN PAUNCEFOTE. The British Minister, will sail for England shortly, and upon his return in the autumn will be accompanied by his wife and two daughters.

PROF. S. P. PITTMAN. Prominent Arkansas educator, answered the advertisement of Sarah Jackson, of Chicago, and married her after an acquaintance of six hours.

THE STEAMSHIPS. That leave American ports are carrying an unusually large number of stowaway passengers to Europe. Most of them are foreigners who have been disappointed in America.

AN EX-SUICIDE. In Forsythe County, Ga., the other day, it hooked itself, and failing to effect its release, deliberately tied itself around the rope in a hard knot, thereby choking itself to death.

FREDERICK SHELMAN. Of Garrett County, W. Va., expects to make his fortune some day by extracting gold from the teeth of dead bodies. He says there are millions of dollars thus going to waste.

A MISSOURIAN. Named Curtin proposes to expend \$50,000 in taking a vote for preferences in the presidential election of 1892, and then sell the result of his labor to the newspapers. The vote will require a year's time.

THE HAMBURG STEAMER. Suevia sailed from New York, the other day, with 850 teachers on board, bound for a tour through Europe and a visit to the Paris Exposition. By far the largest portion of the passengers were women, the average being fully eight women to every man.

A QUARRY. Of paving stone in which the slabs are streaked with red, white and blue has been discovered near Meadopolis, Wyoming County, Pa.

THE LARGEST FERRYBOAT. In the world is the Solano, used in carrying between the Straits of Carquinez, between Benicia and Port Costa. It is 400 feet long and has a capacity of forty-eight freight cars and two locomotives.

A RECENT DISCUSSION. About the height of trees in the forests of Victoria brings from the government botanist the statement that he has seen one 528 feet high. The chief inspector of forest measures a fallen one that was 485 feet high.

## A NEW IRELAND.

To Be Established in America—Plan for the Formation of a Republic by the Residents and Descendants of the Down-Trodden Land.

CHICAGO, July 6.—A number of prominent Irish-Americans held a private meeting yesterday afternoon and perfected an organization to be known as the Irish-American Republic Association, and an election of officers was held. It is the intention of the projectors of the above-named association to organize a land syndicate, composed of influential and wealthy Irishmen, send representatives to Canada, Chili, Peru and Mexico.

The latter country, it is understood, would be willing to dispose of Lower California or a neighboring State, under certain conditions, with the privilege of establishing an Irish-American Republic thereon. The money expended on improvements, necessities and land will be secured by mortgage, without interest or at a very low rate of interest, and will be collected in small annual installments, the same as rent. This money will be utilized to build and equip a navy, organize an army, develop the resources of the country and establish a Republic. Said one of the men interested in the movement: "Should Canada land be secured, an effort will be made to colonize it with 1,000,000 Irish and Irish-American farmers. This number of Irishmen, with the addition of the Irish already in Canada and the assistance of the French-Canadian element, would, it is thought, be able to capture the Canadian Government and convert it into a French-Canadian Republic. The only opposition offered as likely to occur to the formation of a Franco-Irish Republic will be in the Province of Ontario. This opposition, however, will be suppressed by throwing the disaffected portion of this Province into the American Union. When once within the jurisdiction of the United States the Neutrality laws will keep the inhabitants in check and compel them to become reconciled to their situation. But should England dispute the authority of her Franco-Irish subjects to assume exclusive control of Canadian affairs and declare war against them, the Neutrality laws would not prevent the enormous emigration of Irishmen from this country to Canada."

IMMENSE WHEAT FIELD IN KANSAS. KANSAS CITY, July 6.—Crop reports received by Secretary Mohler, of the Agricultural Department of Kansas, are to the effect that the wheat harvest is almost finished. The Secretary estimated the total yield at 34,000,000 bushels, which is double that of last year. The crop may now be said to be successfully harvested. The largest yield is in Sumner County, where 5,000,000 bushels have been harvested.

BITTEN BY A RATTLER. BIRMINGHAM, ALA., July 6.—Mrs. E. W. Barber, an old lady living six miles west, was bitten by a rattlesnake yesterday while out in her garden gathering plums. She immediately became very sick, and has since laid totally blind and swollen beyond all recognition. She has been heavily dosed with whisky and all other known remedies, but her life is despaired of.

THE PERSIAN MINISTER IS MAD. WASHINGTON, July 6.—Hajji Hussein Ghooli Khan, the Persian Minister to the United States, will shortly leave this country for Europe. In an interview today he told a reporter that he would not come back and that he had been driven out of the country by the unkind and ungenerous things which had been written about him and his sovereign in the American newspapers.

THE GREEN FLY HAS REACHED CANADA. TORONTO, ONT., July 6.—Reports received from the southwestern portion of this province, announces the discovery of a small, green fly, which is infesting the heads of the fall wheat, and believed by some to be the midge fly. Fears are entertained that the crop, which for luxuriance and quality has not been equaled in many years, will be a light one.

WILL NOT PLAY SECOND FIDDLE. WASHINGTON, July 6.—Mr. C. B. Herndon, recently appointed Assistant District Attorney for the Northern District of Virginia, has written a letter to the Attorney-General declining to accept the appointment. He says in his letter that he thinks he was entitled to the District Attorneyship.

AN ITEM FOR SPORTSMEN. LITTLE ROCK, ARK., July 6.—Indian Agent Bennett has issued a proclamation prohibiting non-residents from hunting in Indian territory. The penalty is \$500 fine and confiscation of firearms. The matter excites great interest among sportsmen.

DELAWARE POWDER WORKS EXPLODE. WILMINGTON, DEL., July 6.—Two rolling mills in the Dupont Powder Works, about three miles from the city, exploded last night with terrific force. No one was hurt. The mills were demolished, and all the glass broken in houses in the neighborhood.

SLAVE TRADE ABOLISHED. LONDON, July 6.—The Governor of Tripoli has issued a decree abolishing the slave trade, and forbidding any one to engage in it under pain of severe penalties.

HEAVY MORTALITY. PARIS, July 6.—The victims of the St. Etienne mine disaster number 213. The figures include the missing, of whose safety all hopes are abandoned.

WHAT ONE RABBIT DOG WROUGHT. LANCHESTER, MO., July 6.—Dr. W. Crawford, a wealthy farmer near here, has lost twenty head of fine cattle and a reliable horse in the last three months from hydrophobia. They were bitten last March by a mad dog. Other farmers have lost stock bitten by the same dog.

KEG OF POWDER EXPLODES. OMAHA, NEB., July 6.—Just as the celebrators at Kennesaw, Neb., finished firing the national salute on the 4th, a keg of powder exploded in Emil Schults' blacksmith shop, instantly killing Schults and wrecking the building.

## OKLAHOMA'S FIRST FOURTH.

Fall of a Stand Occupied by a Thousand People.

Several Are Fatally Injured and Many Seriously Wounded.

OKLAHOMA, July 5.—The Fourth of July festivities were brought to a sad ending at 3 p. m. by the falling of the grand stand, with its living load of human beings. Nearly 1,000 people had secured seats to witness the races, when, without warning, the structure fell, burying the mass of people beneath it. The cries and groans of the injured people soon filled the air, and it was feared that scores of lives had been lost. Almost as soon as the accident occurred the militia, under command of Captain Stiles, were ordered to the scene and rendered valuable service. Incredible as it may seem, it was found when the victims were taken out that none were dead, though several were fatally and many badly injured. The only death thus far is that of the eight-months-old child of Dr. J. A. Ryan, of Jimtown, I. T., which died a short time after the accident. One of the most seriously injured is Mrs. E. H. Martin, of Howe, Texas. Mrs. Mollie Campbell, of Pearl's Valley, I. T., also received serious internal injuries, which, it is feared, will prove fatal. Herbert Cloer, aged eighteen, will also probably die. Much indignation is expressed against the architect who superintended the building of the grand stand.

FIVE DROWNED. Particularly Sad Accident at a Picnic By Which Young People Lose Their Lives.

PITTSBURGH, July 5.—A sad accident happened at the picnic of the Arch-street Methodist Episcopal Church of Allegheny City at Forest Grove, on the Pittsburgh and Western railroad, by which five young people were drowned. Their names are: Jennie Burnton, aged eighteen years; May Royal, aged sixteen years; Ida Cassidy, aged twenty-two years; Fannie McComb, aged about eighteen years, and Bert Freeman, aged twenty years. The five named, together with Edward Shaffer, took an old barge and started for a ride on Conaquaque creek. The stream was very turbulent, and the barge capsize, throwing the occupants into the water. Young Shaffer succeeded in reaching the shore, but the others were down before assistance could reach them. The victims were all members of the Sunday-school, and lived in Allegheny City. Their bodies have not been recovered.

FRIGHTFUL FALL. An Aeronaut Drops Twelve Hundred Feet and Will Live to Tell Again.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., July 5.—Aeronaut Wilborn Allen yesterday afternoon had a tumble of 1,200 feet from the clouds, but to-night is alive and well recovered. He had ascended to the height mentioned, when the terrified spectators saw the balloon collapse. It reeled and turned bottom up, and then fell rapidly. The spectators next saw the gas-bag right itself and the aeronaut came down like a meteor. He landed in a lot. The concussion threw the aeronaut out. He was picked up in a semi-unconscious, badly shaken up and very pale, but was not seriously injured.

TWO NEGROES HANGED. QUINCY, MISS., July 5.—The double execution of the negroes Prince Fleming and Richard Jordan for the murder of the negro John Taylor, was witnessed by a large throng of people here today. Petitions had been forwarded to Governor Lowry asking a commutation of sentence, but last night the Governor sent a telegram with the facts before him he could not interfere with the execution of the law.

BREWERY BURNED. MILWAUKEE, WIS., July 5.—The Falk, Jung & Borchert Brewing Company's works, was totally destroyed by fire yesterday afternoon. Not a building of great plant was spared. The fire originated in the malt-house, and spread with great rapidity, destroying the malt-house, the brew house, the offices, the bottling department and finally spreading to the beer cellars. Loss \$800,000.

SOUTHERN TEACHERS GOING TO EUROPE. NEW YORK, July 5.—A party of one hundred and twenty-five teachers of the North Carolina Teachers' Association have chartered the steamship State of Nevada for a trip to Europe. The steamer sails on Saturday. The party will visit Glasgow, Belfast, Edinburgh and Paris, and return on August 20.

BOARD OF CHARITIES CALLED UPON. SPRINGFIELD, ILL., July 5.—At the request of a delegation of striking miners from the Braidwood and Greaser Districts, Governor Eifer has instructed the State Board of Charities to endeavor to terminate the strike.

FOREIGN SYNDICATE BUYS IRON MINES. STAUNTON, VA., July 5.—Prof. R. W. Pool closed the sale of the Iron Iron property, containing six thousand acres, to a foreign syndicate for \$70,000 cash. The parties purchasing will take possession at once, and mine and ship ore.

TO REINSTATE MALLETTO. SIDNEY, N. S. W., July 5.—Advices from Apia, under date of June 23, are that the German gunboat Wolf was going to the Marshall Islands to bring Malletto back to Samoa.

WANTS PART OF ST. PAUL. ST. PAUL, MINN., July 5.—George W. Ewing, of Ft. Wayne, Ind., has made a claim, through an attorney, to a first-class interest in property in various parts of the city estimated to be worth \$2,000,000. Notices of this claim have been served on all the owners affected.

SEVENTY-FIVE PEOPLE POISONED. ADAIR, IA., July 5.—Seventy-five people were seriously poisoned, by eating ice cream which was made in vessels that had not been properly cleaned. Several will die, and all are suffering badly.

## PLUNGE TO DEATH.

A Passenger Train Goes Down in a Washout—Thirty Lives Lost and Nearly a Hundred Persons Injured.

LYNCHBURG, VA., July 5.—A fearful accident occurred on the Norfolk and Western railroad yesterday morning, thirty-one miles above the city. Rain had been falling almost continuously, and at times very heavily, for twenty-four hours, swelling the mountain streams greatly beyond their normal state. At the place of the accident the water had undermined the roadbed and caused a washout about eighty feet long and fifty feet wide. The water at this point was eight to ten feet deep. Into this watery gulch the engine made a frightful leap while running at the rate of thirty miles an hour, carrying with it the tender and eight cars. As the engine struck bottom the rushing of the water into the locomotive exploded the boilers. This fact greatly augmented the catastrophe. Debris was thrown in every direction by the force of the explosion, injuring some of those on the train by flying fragments and scattering firebrands which ignited the woodwork of the coaches. The flames spread and destroyed a large amount of mail and express matter, besides spreading panic among the already terror-stricken passengers. It is supposed that some of the passengers were unable to extricate themselves from the wreck and were consumed in the flames, but it is hard to get accurate information, as the employees of the Norfolk and Western railroad refuse to give information to the public. It is impossible to state the number of people killed, but the latest reliable estimate places it at between twenty-five and thirty. The number of wounded will be far in excess of the number killed.

WABASH INDIAN SCHOOL. A Most Gratiifying Report of the Good It Is Doing.

WABASH, IND., July 3.—The trustees of White's Indian Manual Labor Institute held its annual meeting at the institute, five miles southeast of this city. Superintendent Copeck's report showed a total enrollment of eighty-two pupils for the year, of whom thirty-two are Indian boys, thirty-two Indian girls, and the rest white and colored. During the ten months of the school year each pupil has passed half of each day in the school room and devoted the other half to industry. The total amount received during the year was \$12,238.65, as follows: Government appropriation, \$10,000.00; Philadelphia Indian aid appropriation for support of ten pupils, \$1,675; Government compensation for same, \$283.65; Philadelphia Aid Society, \$250; J. Whitlock, Philadelphia, \$30; various persons, \$10.00. The Indian children pupils are making excellent progress in school and in manual training, and they evince a great reluctance to leave the school for their Western homes, preferring to remain in civilization.

A WATER-SPOUT. Breaks Over Altoona, Pa., Inflicting Incalculable Damage, and Endangering the Reservoir.

ALTOONA, PA., July 3.—A water-spout broke over this city last night, doing great damage. The rain came down in torrents, overflowing the streets and bursting the sewers. Reports from South Fork state that the great viaduct is in danger, and no trains from the west have come in since 6 o'clock. The Juniata is rising beyond bounds at Tyrone, and if the storm continues the Middle Division trains will be annihilated until morning. Nattanning Point Reservoir, the city's water supply, is expected to break. The water is pouring over its banks like a small Niagara. Should it go the city will lose \$100,000. Mrs. H. L. Nicholson, wife of the Pennsylvania ticket agent, was struck by lightning, and is not expected to recover. The Pennsylvania agent at Hallidaysburg, A. M. Hyle, wife and child, were found unconscious in their home from the effect of a stroke. The damage by the water-spout is widespread, and cannot be estimated at this hour, midnight.

A Catholic Victory. EAU CLAIRE, WIS., July 3.—Eau Claire held its first election for a board of education yesterday. It brought out a heavy women's vote, prominent society ladies spending the whole day with their carriages taking women to the polls. The anti-Catholic question was made very prominent in several wards, but the candidates alleged to represent the Catholic side were elected.

THE "JONES GIRLS." KOKOMO, IND., July 3.—The "Jones Girls," as the wonderful double-headed girl is called, are one week old, grow rapidly, and as lively as any week-old babies known, and there is hardly any question but they will live and thrive. During the week no less than 3,000 people have visited them—nearly 1,000 going on Sunday—coming for thirty miles around.

PENSION WARRANTS. WASHINGTON, July 3.—The Secretary of the Treasury yesterday issued warrants in payment of \$16,000,000 on account of pensions, being the first payment on this account for the new fiscal year.

FOUR BUSINESS BLOCKS. CHICAGO, July 3.—A special dispatch to the Daily News from Halley, Idaho, says: Four business blocks burned here yesterday morning. The loss is estimated at \$500,000.

ARMY SIGNAL CODE. WASHINGTON, July 3.—By a general order issued from Army Headquarters the American Morse Code will hereafter be used by the army for all purposes of signaling whether visual or acoustic, and the use of the English Morse or Continental Code will be discontinued.

MURDER IN LOUISIANA. ETHEL, LA., July 3.—Herman Pratorius, a white man, was murdered near here last night by four negroes, in the public room with a shotgun. Pratorius was unarmed; he was shot from his horse and in the back. Two of the murderers were arrested.

## THE COMMONWEALTH.

How J. R. BRECKENRIDGE has been declared the Democratic nominee for the Kentucky State Senate from the Stanford district. Mr. Breckenridge is a brother of Colonel W. C. Breckenridge.

THE Republican State Convention at Lexington, on the 4th, was largely attended. David G. Colson, of Bell County, was nominated for State Treasurer. Although but twenty-seven years old he is a member of the Legislature and has been in public life seven years.

THE colored man, Alex. Whittaker, who cut his wife's throat, and who was supposed to have drowned himself at Evansville while fleeing from an officer, returned to Owensboro on the 8th, on a train, and gave himself up to the jailer.

THE flooring in the big building of the Dueser Watch Case works, Newport, have been removed and will be burned up for the purpose of extracting the gold. Mr. Dueser expects to realize at least \$15,000 from the fire.

A VERY serious accident occurred in Newport on the Fourth. A young lad fourteen years of age, named Ball, living on Putnam street, in firing off a small iron cannon during the day, and while placing some powder in the touch-hole, it discharged and exploded in his right hand, severely mangleing that member. Dr. S. B. Bennett was called in and dressed the wound, but amputation may yet be necessary.

THE following patents were issued for Kentucky: John J. Brown, West Covington, safe; James C. Gill, assignor to Hemingray Glass Company, Covington, insulator for electric wires; James S. Jones, Critchfield, bag-holder or bill; Michael J. Mohan, Covington, side-saddle tree; Charles M. Russell, assignor of one-third to T. B. Lyne, Bowling Green, telegraph pole.

PENSIONS for Kentucky: Original Invalid—Samuel A. White, Jonathan J. Levens, Elijah Miracle, Dillard P. Hatler, Lewis Baker, John Thompson, Felix M. Fields, John W. Cosby, James C. Moorehead, John Martin, Charles L. Knapp, William M. Rollitt, Cyrus Edwards, Reuben Thomas, J. Hillard, Original Widows, etc.—Joseph R. father of Richard Hardy; Clara, mother of Henry Bloomer; Eliza, widow of Russell Gay. Mexican Widows—Anna M., widow of Edward A. Fietford.

MR. DAVIDSON is no longer the president and manager of the Louisville Base-ball Club. The other day he surrendered the players and franchise to the American Association.

CONDUCTOR street railway officials are discussing the subject of operating their cars by electricity instead of horse-power.

A LODGE of the order of Elks will soon be instituted at Paducah.

WM. EVANS, the bridge-builder, who fell through a trestle near English, on the Short-line railroad several days ago, died on the 3d.

IN a fight between Green Bishop and Jim Reedy, two "trusties" in the Louisville jail, on the 4th, over some gingerbread, the former had his jaw broken by a kick from the latter.

THE Eleventh Annual Meeting of the State Association of Colored Teachers was commenced in Lexington on the 3rd. The following were elected officers for the ensuing year: President, J. S. Hathaway, of Berea; vice-president, Miss Fannie M. Bronston, of Richmond; secretary, William Jackson, of Lexington; assistant secretary, Miss Lucy Smith, of Louisville; treasurer, Miss Lena Tice, of Danville; editor, C. W. Houser, of Louisville; chorister, S. E. Smith, of Elizabethtown.

THE Kentucky Chautauqua, closed its meetings at Lexington on the 5th.

THE jailer of Hopkinsville, a Democrat, has appointed a negro as deputy.

WINNIE RICE, colored, aged eighty-six years, was fatally burned at her residence, about three miles from Paris, a few days ago, and the report was circulated that she caught fire from smoking.

THE story is now doubted, and it is said that she was set on fire, and being so old, was unable to extinguish the flames. She had considerable property and money. The case is to be looked into, and some arrests will probably be made.

IT is not generally known that there is now in process of erection over the Kentucky river, near Tyrone, by the Louisville Southern Railroad Company, the longest span of trussed bridge ever built. The bridge is a cantilever, having a central span over the water of 551 feet and two shore spans 267 1/2 feet each, with 400 feet of trestle at the west end and 340 feet at the east end, making the total length of the structure 1,568 feet. The whole is of steel. The main bridge, 998 feet long, is supported by two steel towers each 137 feet high, resting on eight wrought iron cylinders which are sunk to the bed of rock of the river. These cylinders are each 12 feet in diameter, lined inside with a 15-inch ring of hard brick laid on Portland cement, and the interior is filled with concrete. The tops of the cylinders reach to the elevation of 4 feet above high water and are capped with Kentucky river limestone 34 inches thick. The height of the bridge from the bed of the river to the railway track is 268 feet. Work was first begun on this bridge in April. The masonry, cylinder foundations, were laid out and west tower are now completed, and the entire bridge will be finished ready for passage of trains by August 15.

GOVERNOR BUCKNER and Adjutant-General Hill were at Grayson Springs with a view of locating the encampment for the Kentucky State Guards there. The troops will be ordered into camp about July 30.

WILL CRAVINS, aged twenty, was shot and dangerously wounded with a pistol in the hands of Ed Manson, his companion, at Tingle's grocery, on the outskirts of Lexington, the other night. Manson claims it was the result of an accident, but the police are holding him, owing to a rumor that previous to the shooting the men had engaged in a quarrel. Cravins will probably die. Both parties are colored.

THE dialogue for Lexington's big fair is out. Two speed rings are announced for each day, and the purses are \$500 each, except the last day, which has been fixed at \$1,000. The premium list is large and very liberal.

## PUNGENT PARAGRAPHS.

—There wouldn't have been any milk in the cocoanut if some dairymen had had the construction of it.—Texas Sittings.

—Mr. Frills.—"What were you when I married you? Nobody?" Mrs. Frills (serenely).—"Well, that's a good point; you're nobody's fool."—Puck.

—A good many men who are talking very bitterly about the difficulty of getting into a church have never tried it.

—N. Y. World.

—Artist.—"I am thinking seriously of presenting one of my paintings to some public institution. Which one would you suggest?" Candid friend.—"The asylum for the blind."

—"Paw me honah, me deah boy."

—"Don't," interrupted his friend, "I beg of you, don't; you couldn't raise enough on it to buy a cord for your eye-glass." And the conversation was not resumed.—Michigan Farmer.

—To cut up a victim to find out what is the matter with him after he has been doctored a year is a dead give-away on the part of the doctor, who should know what is needed when he gives the medicine.—N. O. Picayune.







# BIG SANDY NEWS.

THURSDAY, JULY 11, 1889.

Hannal and Vanhooze.

G. B. Thornbury was in Louisa a few days ago.

Mr. O. D. Garred, of Catlettsburg, was in town this week.

Mr. Wallace Bailey, of Flat Gap, was in town this week.

Criminal Court adjourned yesterday until next Monday.

Mr. Jas. Stamp, of Buchanan, was here a few days ago.

Miss Jennie Burgess returned yesterday from a visit at Catlettsburg.

Mr. W. D. Roffe is able to be out again, after a severe spell of sickness.

G. A. Lewis, of the N. & W. Engineering corps, was in town this week.

Capt. F. F. Freese left Saturday for an excursion to Mackinac Island.

Rev. C. H. Williamson, of Dayton, Ky., is spending a short vacation in Louisa.

Miss Fannie Freese returned Tuesday from several days' visit down the river.

Misses Sallie and Lizzie Handy, of Covington, Ky., are visiting relatives in Louisa.

Hon. J. B. Hannal, our candidate for the State Senate, is expected in Louisa this week.

Messrs. Freese and Norris have chartered the Spurlock to Kanawha river parties.

Miss Fannie Freese, of Ashland, has been the guest of Miss Emma Burdett for a few days.

The Republicans now say that they will make a nomination for Senator on the 15th.

The case against Sam Davis for the murder of Vina Pack is docketed for next Monday.

Prize fighting has had a corner on conversation in this vicinity during the past few days.

The G. W. M. & Co. are erecting a brick store building and offices, at Peach Orchard.

Messrs. Ed. and Arthur Hughes spent Sunday and Monday with their parents at Star Furnace.

Our readers will be pleased to find that we are favored this week with another letter from Dr. Wroten.

Mr. T. C. Songer and family, of Ashland, spent Monday and Tuesday with Mrs. C. C. Sullivan, at this place.

Mr. M. D. Vanhooze, the Democratic candidate for Representative, was here Monday on his way to Boyd county.

Some of our patriotic citizens arranged a 4th of July celebration on "short notice" and quite a lively time was had.

Hughes & Ratcliff have begun the erection of an addition to their fore-rooms, with a view to carrying a larger stock of goods.

The new members elected last Saturday for the Board of Education are, J. F. Ratcliff, Alexander Lackey, and F. T. D. Wallace.

Officers elect of Fallsburg Lodge, No. 205, I. O. O. F.: L. Cooksey, M. G.; J. S. Cooksey, V. G.; S. Colquhoun, Treas.; W. M. Burton, Sec.

The public meeting of the Women's Missionary Society which was announced for last Sunday evening was postponed until next Sunday evening. Everybody is invited.

Come to the Democratic convention next Monday. Nominations for Commissioner and School Superintendent are to be made, and a chairman is to be chosen.

W. D. McCoy was convicted Tuesday for the second time this term of court on a charge of forgery, and was sentenced to eight years in the penitentiary. There is yet another case of the same kind on the docket against him.

## Wanted.

A large amount of HICKORY axe handles. For quality and price apply to J. B. Snyder & Thomas M. Co.

The Republicans of this county have decided, as usual, to postpone their convention to nominate a candidate for School Superintendent until after the Democrats shall have made their nomination.

The following board of Town Trustees for the coming year was elected last Saturday: J. W. Rice, chairman; R. J. Prichard, Jas. Vinson, R. T. Burns, J. F. Hackworth, G. R. B. Chapman and A. J. Loar.

There were ninety-five applicants for teacher's certificates examined here last Friday and Saturday. 29 failed to get certificates; seven received first-class certificates, twenty-eight second class, and twenty-seven third class. The next examination will be held in August.

Garred & Jeems, of this place, carried off three first premiums with their horses at the Ashland Fair last week. "Fishback" took the stallion blue ribbon, and the roan driving team and a yearling colt took the first premiums in their classes.

The County Judge last week appointed G. W. Chapman to fill the vacancy in the office of Superintendent of Schools, caused by the resignation of R. C. McClure. Mr. Chapman will hold the office until after the August election, when a Superintendent will be elected for one year.

The grand jury adjourned last Saturday and returned 144 indictments. The following are the most important offenses: Felony, 4; bribery in elections, 5; petit larceny, 6; spirituous liquors to a minor, 4; selling spirituous liquors, 17; fornication, 4; adultery, 2; stabbing, 1; deadly weapons, 14; liquor to inebriate, 5. Several cases for running horses on the public highway were found, and also a number of breaches of the peace and other small offenses.

You will find at Leo Frank's old stand a full line of stationery goods, school books, &c. Also, the largest stock of crockery ever brought to Louisa. Watches, Clocks, and a nice line of Jewelry. If you want spectacles to suit your eyes, call and see us. We keep a full supply. Repairing promptly attended to. Your patronage is solicited. Respy, SULLIVAN & SHOUSE.

## Democratic Convention.

The Democracy of Lawrence county is requested to meet in Convention at the Court House, Monday, July 15th, at one o'clock, p.m., for the purpose of selecting a candidate for School Superintendent. All Democrats are requested to be present. AUGUSTUS SNYDER, Chairman L. C. C.

## Subscribe for the News.

WANTED.—A man in every county of Kentucky and West Virginia, who can furnish good reference, to manage the gathering of a church and Sunday-school history, to be made a part of a religious history. For terms call on or address W. B. Cox or C. W. Peters, Louisa, Ky.

## Cornellison Pardoned.

Gov. Buckner has issued an unconditional pardon to John J. Cornellison, the assailant of Judge Richard Reid. Cornellison was sentenced to three years' imprisonment. On account of ill health the Governor paroled him last fall for nine months. This parole having expired, and Cornellison's health continuing bad, the pardon was granted.

## Consumption Surely Cured.

TO THE EDITOR:—Please inform your readers that I have a positive remedy for the above named disease. By its timely use thousands of hopeless cases have been permanently cured. I shall be glad to send two bottles of my remedy FREE to any of your readers who have consumption if they will send me their express and post office address. Respectfully, T. A. STODOL, M. C. 131 Pearl St., New York

## PEACH ORCHARD.

Miss Sallie Stamp, of Buchanan, was the guest of Miss Ella Johnson last week. Ben Williamson passed through here last Monday enroute to Catlettsburg.

Mrs. P. M. Moore, of Ashland, is visiting her sister, Mrs. N. N. Stockton.

L. S. Johnson and wife spent the 4th in Ashland.

The Crawford Red Brick Co., of Ashland, is doing the brick work on the Company's new store.

B. F. Johnson and wife took in the Fair on the Fourth.

James Marcum, of your place was here on the 8th inst. Bro SANDIAN.

TEMPLES ON THE FACE Denote an impure state of the blood and are looked upon by many with suspicion. Ackerly's blood purifier will remove all impurities and have the complexion smooth and clear. There is nothing that will so thoroughly build up the constitution, purify and strengthen the whole system, and guarantee by W. T. Evans, Druggist.

Job printing at the News office.

## Dr. Wroten's Letter.

CHEYENNE RIVER AGENCY, July 1st.

In the hurry and press of the last three months I did not have time to bore your readers with long letters from this part of the earth, and I shall spare them such an affliction now. If the presiding dignitary of an Indian Boarding School with a sixty-five acre farm attached attends to his duties from April 1 to August 30 he will not have much time for anything else, except he rob himself of sleep. And when he has been on his pegs from six a. m. to six p. m., and then conducts the evening services of the school room he welcomes the sound of the retiring bell. In addition to my regular duties I was acting Agency physician while the official medicine man was away on leave.

Fortune has smiled on this section of Dakota this season in the way of crops, and if the favorable weather continues—mark that "if"—the territory will receive a wonderful boom. No rain has fallen for about three weeks, and as a hot wind blows nearly all the time it does not take long to bring disaster. It looks now as if I would get the first crop of oats this farm has produced for years. So far as garden truck is concerned we are simply immense.

We had a big sensation here some time ago. One Sunday a couple of men passed through with a drove of horses. They were seen and spoken to by several of the Agency people, and would be recognized if seen again. Two weeks from that day one of the Indian police found the body of a man in a wash-out about five miles from the Agency in the direction the men went. He reported his discovery to the Agent, who had the body brought to the Agency, when it was discovered that it was the body of the elder horseman. I made an examination of the body and found the skull crushed all to pieces. Subsequently the post surgeon and I took up the body, took the head off and found where two bullets had gone through it. The younger man had murdered his partner, sold the stock near Pierre and fled to the Black Hills, where he was arrested. He was examined and held for trial at Yankton in September.

The Commissioners appointed to treat with the Sioux will be here about the 15th, when we expect great times. The commissioners were very successful at Rosebud or Spotted Tail, but at Pine Ridge the wily Red Cloud was too much for them. They are now at Lower Brule and Crow Creek, coming here next.

The commissioners seem admirably adapted to the work. General Crook holds the suspicious tricky ones well in hand, Governor Foster makes the law clear, and General Warner is what Sandians call a good mixer. Over at Spotted Tail, as they call Rosebud, they gave Governor Foster a handsome war bonnet. It is a head dress to which is attached a trail reaching to the floor. The whole thing is made of bright feathers, and the Governor seemed so fond of his present that he was adopted by the Sioux and called Young-Man-Proud-Of-His-Tail. The Indian is very quick to notice any little peculiarity attaching to any one, and names him accordingly. They know me as Woonspe Hooksida Tipi Toanka, which means the teacher of the boys at the government school, but they have another name which I could never get any of them to spell, and I despair of putting it on paper.

I am unable to say what the Indians at our Agency will do. The failure at Pine Ridge will have a bad effect, I am afraid, and the work of the commissioners may be prolonged until fall. The most crafty and one of the most influential Indians here is White Swan, and no expression of opinion can be had from him. He always comes to see me when he visits the Agency and speaks freely on every subject excepting opening the Reserve. On this he is an old Reservation himself.

When the grand moguls arrive and the pow-wow begins I will try to be more interesting.

I am glad to know you are all so wide awake and pushing since I left. If I had only foreseen what effect my departure would produce I should have left years ago.

G. W. W.

## Advice to Mothers.

Mrs. Wroten's Sonnet's Symples should always be used when children are cutting teeth. It relieves the little sufferers once, it produces natural, quiet sleep, and the little teeth break as "leaves as a button." It is very pleasant to take. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for diarrhoea, whether arising from teething or other causes. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

A stable character—The groom.

A DUTY TO YOURSELF: It is surprising that people will use common ordinary pills when they can secure a valuable English one for the same money. Dr. Wroten's English pills are a positive cure for sick headache, indigestion, biliousness, constipation, and all the liver troubles. They are small, sweet, and do not give. W. T. Evans, Druggist.

## LITTLE BLAINE.

Wheat cutting is over and people are busy laying by corn.

John M. Berry, of Huntington, W. Va., was on our creek the other day.

Garfield Moore went down our creek on the Fourth, on his way to the Fair at Ashland.

A. H. Moore is expected to move to Greenbrier soon.

Wesley Miller is visiting near Charley. Born, to the wife of Mart Hays, a boy. Look out for school teachers for the next two weeks.

H. K. Moore delivered a good lecture on the 7th inst., at Moore's Chapel.

Jas. H. Moore & Co. expect to start out with their threshing machine in about two weeks. Tom.

## Resolutions of Respect.

To Louisa Lodge, No. 154, I. O. G. T.:

Your committee appointed to prepare suitable resolutions expressive of our sympathy for our good sister, Mrs. Rose H. Winstead, upon whom the hand of affliction has been so heavily laid for the past few weeks, beg to report the following:

Resolved, 1st, That we have heard with sorrow and regret the affliction that has overtaken our beloved sister, Mrs. Rose H. Winstead.

2nd, That we as a Lodge extend our heart-felt sympathy, and pray God that she soon be restored to perfect health, that she may resume her good work for God, home and native land.

3rd, That we shall ever feel grateful and thankful for the kindly treatment and care received by our good sister during her illness from the hands of Mr. and Mrs. T. O. Johnson, who have so nobly acted the part of the good Samaritan.

4th, That copies of these resolutions be furnished our good sister, Mrs. Winstead, Mr. and Mrs. T. O. Johnson, and that the BIG SANDY NEWS be requested to publish the same.

GEORGIA JOHNSON, JOHN BURNS, W. W. MARCUM, Com.

IS LIFE WORTH LIVING? Not when you go through the world's dyspeptic Acker's Dyspepsia Tablets are a positive cure for the worst forms of Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Flatulency and Constipation. Guaranteed and sold by W. T. Evans, Druggist.

When is a gun-barrel a chicken? When it is a little foul.

PEOPLE EVERYWHERE. Confirm our statement when we say that Ayer's English Remedy is in every way superior to any and all other preparations for the most distressing ailments of the human system. In Whooping Cough and Croup it is magical and relieves at once. We offer you a sample bottle free. Remember, this Remedy is sold on a positive guarantee. W. T. Evans, Druggist.

Failure in the yarn trade—Writing unsuccessful novels.

CAUTION TO MOTHERS. Every mother is cautioned against giving her child laudanum or paregoric; it creates an insatiable craving for stimulants which kills the mind of the child. Acker's Baby Soother is specially prepared to benefit children and cure their pain. It is harmless and contains no Opium or Morphine. Sold by W. T. Evans, Druggist.

A school-board whose doings never need whitewashing—The black board.

## Dress the Hair

With Ayer's Hair Vigor. Its cleanliness, beneficial effects on the scalp, and lasting perfume commend it for universal toilet use. It keeps the hair soft and silken, preserves its color, prevents it from falling, and, if the hair has become weak or thin, promotes a new growth.

"To restore the original color of my hair, which had turned prematurely gray, I used Ayer's Hair Vigor with entire success. I cheerfully testify to the efficacy of this preparation."—Mrs. P. H. Davidson, Alexandria, La.

"I was afflicted some three years with scalp disease. My hair was falling out and what remained turned gray. I was induced to try Ayer's Hair Vigor, and in a few weeks the disease in my scalp disappeared and my hair resumed its original color."—(Rev. S. S. Sims, Pastor U. B. Church, St. Bernice, Ind.)

"A few years ago I suffered the entire loss of my hair from the effects of tetter. I hoped that after a time nature would repair the loss, but I waited in vain. Many remedies were suggested, none, however, with such proof of merit as Ayer's Hair Vigor. I began to use it. The result was all I could have desired. A growth of hair soon came out all over my head, and grew to be as soft and heavy as ever had, and of a natural color, and firmly set."—J. H. Pratt, Spofford, Texas.

Ayer's Hair Vigor,

PREPARED BY Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass. Sold by Druggists and Purveyors.

Read the new story,

"ISABEL," the first two Chapters of which appear on our fourth page this week.

## SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of venditioni exponas No. 727, directed to me, which, issued from the Clerk's office of the Lawrence circuit court, in favor of R. T. Berry, P. F. F. against R. F. and K. F. Vinson, Defts., I or one of my deputies will, on Monday, July 15, 1889, about one o'clock, p. m., at the court house door in Louisa, Lawrence county, Ky., expose to public sale, to the highest bidder, the following property, (or so much thereof as may be necessary to produce the sum of \$201.33, with 6 percent. interest from July 13, 1888, and the costs subject to the following credits: Sept. 20, 1886, \$100.00; Nov. 10, 1888, \$100.00; to-wit: 60 acres of land lying on Cat's fork at Blaine in Lawrence county, Ky., being the same lands conveyed by M. J. and J. Dean to K. F. and R. F. Vinson, "Taken as the property of K. F. and R. F. Vinson."

Terms will be made known on day of sale.

A. L. STANFORD, S. E. C.

JOHN R. STANTON, used to Water Street

Impact of the Swiss music boxes

# GREAT CLOSING OUT SALE

## TO QUIT BUSINESS!

## \$10,000 WORTH

Of Goods to be Sacrificed to the People.

Dry Goods, Notions, Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps, Clothing, &c., ALL AT COST AND LESS THAN COST!!

## MUST BE CLOSED OUT AT ONCE!

Come and Price. They must go. This is no advertising scheme, but is An Actual Closing Out Sale,

As I have already bought property in Huntington, W. Va. Come at Once and get choice of Bargains, as I will leave here July 1st, 1889.

All accounts closed and No Exceptions; and all parties indebted to me are notified to settle at once, or the accounts will be placed in the hands of officers for collection.

# J. A. HUGHES,

THE LEADER IN LOW PRICES.

E. S. EVANS, M. D. N. S. DIXON, M. D.



Eye and Ear Specialists, COLUMBUS O.

Dr. Evans, who has had 18 years experience in the treatment of all forms of Eye Diseases with the most wonderful results will make visits

Each Month to Louisa.

Granulated Lids of Long Standing

Are Permanently Cured.

No Caustics used. No failures where directions are followed.

Dr. Evans has cured many cases at Fronton, O., among which is Mrs. Sarah Beall, of Rock Camp, O., who was blind five years—is now well. Chronic Deafness, Throat, Nose and Catarrh treated successfully. Running ears, ringing and roaring cured. Glasses fitted to the most difficult cases by accurate measurements, and furnished Examination Free.

Dr. Evans will be at Chattanooga, Louisa, Ky., July 25th.

FELIX HAAS

Representing—

J. Eisman & Co.

MERCHANT TAILORS

And Gents Furnishers

155 Front St., Portsmouth, O.

Will visit this place every 30 days

with a full line of Samples.

Guarantee perfect fit

and satisfaction in every particular.

SUBSCRIBE NOW for the BIG SANDY NEWS and get a chance on our prizes.

All kinds of JOB PRINTING done at this office in the best style and at low prices.

A \$40.00 SEWING MACHINE And a Fine Silver Watch

TO BE

GIVEN AWAY

to some two subscribers to the BIG SANDY NEWS. Our offer:

To each new cash subscriber to the NEWS for one year, and to each old subscriber who pays for one year in advance, we will give a ticket on the above premiums. Also, for each two dollars paid by old subscribers on arrearages we will give a ticket. The number of tickets is limited to 475 and the drawing will be done publicly and by disinterested parties as soon as the tickets have all been disposed of.

Come in early and you may select your number as you like. Tickets will be sent to those who remit by mail immediately on receipt of remittance. Remember, the NEWS for one year costs you but \$7.00, with a ticket thrown in.

## COUNTY DIRECTORY.

Circuit Court.—Judge, J. M. Bair. Begins 2nd Mondays in February and August, terms of 6 or 8 weeks.

Criminal Court.—Judge, J. M. Rice. Begins 4th Mondays in June and December, terms of 4 or 6 weeks.

County Court.—Judge S. H. Berry. Begins 1st Mondays in each month, except the 1st, 3rd, 5th, 7th, 9th, 11th, 13th, 15th, 17th, 19th, 21st, 23rd, 25th, 27th, 29th, and 31st.

Quarterly Court.—Tuesday after 3rd Monday in March, June, September and December.

Commissioner's Court.—1st Monday in March, June, September and December.

## TOWN DIRECTORY.

Police Court.—Regular session, 1st Monday in each month.

Board of Trustees.—Tuesday after 1st Monday in each month.

## MASSON DIRECTORY.

Anderson's Masson Directory, 1895, P. E. A. M.—8th edition, in 3 volumes, on or in immediately preceding full moon in each month, P. T. D. W. J. L. A. M. A. J. Conley, Sec. A.

Louisiana Chapter, No. 95, R. A. M.—Started in Kings, Friday, on 1st of month, preceding full moon in each month. J. H. Northrup, H. P. A. J. Conley, Sec.

## KNIGHTS OF THE GOLDEN EAGLE.

Must: CANTLE No. 6.—Stated meeting every Tuesday night. F. F. Ratcliff, N. C. L. H. Ferguson, M. of E.

## I. O. O. F.

Louisa Lodge, No. 276.—Stated meeting every Friday night. Wm. Blackshear, N. G.; L. H. Sudduth, Sec.

## GOOD TEMPLARS.

Stated meetings every Saturday night. W. D. Roffe, C. T.; Mrs. Eva Stewart, V. F.; Miss Georgia Johnson, Secretary.

## THIS PAPER

may be found at Geo. P. Bowers & Co., Newspaper Advertising Bureau (the space is for hire at 10 cents per line per week) and at the News office.

Published by J. B. SNYDER & THOMAS M. CO.,

at the News office, in Louisa, Ky.

Entered as second-class matter, July 11, 1889, at Post Office at Louisa, Ky., under No. 100,000.

Acceptance for mailing at special rate of postage provided for in Act of October 3, 1917, authorized on July 11, 1889.

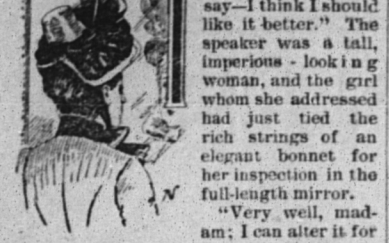


# ABEL: From Shop to Mansion.

The Romantic Story of a Dress Maker's Rise in Life.

By Mrs. F. M. Howard.

[Copyright, 1909.]



It was a little more than a half-century ago, in a small town in the West, that a young girl, Isabel, was born. Her father was a dress maker, and her mother was a seamstress. They were poor, but they were honest and hardworking.

Isabel was a beautiful girl, with a sweet nature and a quick mind. She loved to sew, and she was very skillful. She helped her mother in the shop, and she made many beautiful dresses for the women of the town.

One day, a wealthy woman came to the shop. She was looking for a new dress, and she was very particular. Isabel made her a beautiful dress, and the woman was very pleased with it. She gave Isabel a large sum of money for her work.

Isabel was very happy with the money. She had never had so much before. She bought a new dress for herself, and she gave some to her mother. They were very happy.

Isabel continued to work in the shop, and she made many more beautiful dresses. She was very popular with the women of the town, and she was very successful.

One day, a wealthy man came to the shop. He was looking for a new suit, and he was very particular. Isabel made him a beautiful suit, and he was very pleased with it. He gave Isabel a large sum of money for her work.

Isabel was very happy with the money. She had never had so much before. She bought a new dress for herself, and she gave some to her mother. They were very happy.

Isabel continued to work in the shop, and she made many more beautiful dresses. She was very popular with the women of the town, and she was very successful.

One day, a wealthy woman came to the shop. She was looking for a new dress, and she was very particular. Isabel made her a beautiful dress, and the woman was very pleased with it. She gave Isabel a large sum of money for her work.

Isabel was very happy with the money. She had never had so much before. She bought a new dress for herself, and she gave some to her mother. They were very happy.

Isabel continued to work in the shop, and she made many more beautiful dresses. She was very popular with the women of the town, and she was very successful.

One day, a wealthy man came to the shop. He was looking for a new suit, and he was very particular. Isabel made him a beautiful suit, and he was very pleased with it. He gave Isabel a large sum of money for her work.

Isabel was very happy with the money. She had never had so much before. She bought a new dress for herself, and she gave some to her mother. They were very happy.

Isabel continued to work in the shop, and she made many more beautiful dresses. She was very popular with the women of the town, and she was very successful.

Arnot took the opportunity to speak her proof, but another party coming in she was all smiles in a moment.

There were several in the party, and the young lady, who was evidently about to become a bride, claimed her attendance.

Two gentlemen came in with them, a tall, middle-aged man, whom the younger lady addressed as "Uncle Harvey," and a younger gentleman, evidently the European elect.

It was a pleasant task to wait upon this gentleman after the raptures of the day, and while Mrs. Arnot smiled sweetly to the ladies of the party, Isabel brought out the daintiest and most exquisite models of the millinery art.

The elder of the gentlemen had thrown himself upon a little sofa, and was watching proceedings with silent attention. She realized this painfully when placed in contrast with those more favored, but there was in her face an interesting expression which attracted more attention than she knew.

"Isn't that perfectly lovely on Lilly?" said one of the ladies. "I never saw anything more perfectly in her style."

"It was made by a girl, as you see, and was further adorned by the pure, gentle face which it framed."

"Mrs. General Lansing ordered one just like it for her daughter; you know they selected her hair for the European elect. The bride was exceedingly particular," said the young lady.

"How do you like it, Uncle Harvey?" "I am afraid it is a little too young for you, but it is a very nice one," said the young man.

"How do you like it, Uncle Harvey?" "I am afraid it is a little too young for you, but it is a very nice one," said the young man.

"How do you like it, Uncle Harvey?" "I am afraid it is a little too young for you, but it is a very nice one," said the young man.

"How do you like it, Uncle Harvey?" "I am afraid it is a little too young for you, but it is a very nice one," said the young man.

"How do you like it, Uncle Harvey?" "I am afraid it is a little too young for you, but it is a very nice one," said the young man.

"How do you like it, Uncle Harvey?" "I am afraid it is a little too young for you, but it is a very nice one," said the young man.

"How do you like it, Uncle Harvey?" "I am afraid it is a little too young for you, but it is a very nice one," said the young man.

"How do you like it, Uncle Harvey?" "I am afraid it is a little too young for you, but it is a very nice one," said the young man.

"How do you like it, Uncle Harvey?" "I am afraid it is a little too young for you, but it is a very nice one," said the young man.

is, perhaps I am violent and designing as well as poor."

"No, you are not," he replied, positively. "I have made faces a study, and I read no book but the face of the man I have mentioned may have lent a bitter tinge to your character; I could readily believe that, for I do not imagine poverty, dependence or continual strife calculated to bring out the best of the soul, but Miss Grant, I read unswerving integrity in your face, undeveloped power, and an ability to control self that I am assured will make you a noble woman. If you can have the opportunity for the development of these better qualities."

"But, sir, granted that this supposition is correct, how can it be helped?" "This is the only way to get at the inspiring one, in spite of the fact that it came from one so entirely a stranger; she had groined in spirit under the knowledge that she was growing every day more unamiable and from her own nature."

How much of this was due to mere physical disability she did not realize, but at times, it seemed as if she could not bear another particle of strain upon her over-extended nerves.

The time had been when she could bear Mrs. Arnot's almost intolerable arrogance with good nature, could endure John Harmon's coarseness with patience, and could bear her heavy burden with tender sympathy, but that time had passed by, and she little realized how near she was to a complete breaking down, both physical and mental.

"The power of a home! an insuperable barrier: the unhappy home is growing more and more tangible and unalterable, and my position as dependent upon Mrs. Arnot's freaks of temper, or others just as likely to be as hers, seemed to her before. She spoke bitterly now; the remembrance of her aunt's letter loomed up before her, and all the trials of her lot seemed doubly unbearable in the light of this glimpse of better things."

"No, not inevitable," said Mr. Falconer, slowly; "there is another life before you where none of these things can come. If you will, I will raise your head with a startled expression, 'where there is plenty and peace at least, and through the medium of which I hope to win your love in due time. Will you marry me, and as my wife. Will you marry me?'"

"I am afraid that my proposition is a strangely startling one," said he, gently, as Isabel looked at him with clasped hands as if in a dream; "but I leave the city to-morrow, and I wish to take you with me, and release you from the harassing influences by which you are surrounded."

"To-morrow!" said Isabel, repeating the words after him, mechanically; release from all these harassing things to-morrow, and through such a release to medium, to wonder the girl was so dumb.

"But your family, your friends, what will they say to your marrying a shop-girl?" she said, her mind going back to gentle Lilly Stanford, irretrievably, because she had so lately had to do with the matter, but feeling for the moment as if scorn and aversion toward her in that sweet young face would be more than she could bear; worse, indeed, than her present situation.

"My family!" "My family," she repeated, "I am entirely independent of their fancies, and fully old enough to choose for myself; besides, they are sensible and kind, and if I am happy, will love you for my sake, and will not do so for their own. Take a little time, Miss Grant, and think over the matter calmly before giving me an answer. I can give you undoubted reference as to my character before the marriage."

"One question," she said, gravely; "I have seen what a love of stimulants can do in a home whether it be rich or poor, and I have vowed sacredly never to marry a man who indulged in them, even in the least degree." She looked at him interrogatively.

"Have no fears in that respect," he replied, earnestly. "I despise any thing of the sort as much as you do, and I honor the more for your resolve in regard to it. I never use liquor in any form."

She raised her eyes and looked in his face long and searchingly; she, too, had a faculty for reading faces, or rather her instincts read for her, and she saw in his face before her which inspired her with confidence, and going to him she stretched out her hands, saying, with a smile, "I will be true to you, and I will abide the consequences of this impulse act. I will accept your offer, and earnestly strive not to disappoint you."

He rose, and taking her hand in his, said quietly, "I shall be the study of my life, to convince you that your normal choice is a wise and happy one. I leave the city to-morrow at 2:15. Shall we let the ceremony at once, in this room?"

"As you please," replied Isabel; she was yet too bewildered to give attention to details.

"Very well, I will call in the morning at nine, and ask Mrs. Arnot for permission to take you to the city," he said, and he left her, with a preoccupied, far-away look in his eyes.

## DESTROYING WEEDS. Suggestions Put in Type For the Benefit of Western Farmers.

In some of the Western States the cockle burr is the great pest in the corn fields, in others it is the sunflower. We have had a long experience in Iowa with the first, and a short one with the other in Kansas and here in Missouri it is the first named, and it seems to be in many fields. When cockle burrs came in Iowa, but little was done to eradicate them and gradually they got a strong hold on every farm. Many sowed their fields to small grain and then to grass, almost ceasing to raise corn for a few years. We found it paid best to be very careful in plowing the corn to cut out and cover up every one possible and then in the usual leisure time just after the harvest, to go through the corn with the hoe, taking two rows at a time cutting every one out. In three years we were completely rid of them. But it was necessary to be watchful afterwards, as seeds so easily carried on stock and scattered over fields again. It could be no good excuse for any farmer raising cockle burrs, but it takes vigilance to prevent their growth and spread. Having farmed in one locality for thirty years which we might say was one peculiarly well adapted to them, we know whereof we speak.

On going to Kansas and purchasing a farm, we found it covered with the gray, yellow-colored sunflower, and while not so obnoxious as the Iowa burrs, they were voted a nuisance at once, and one to be abated. The oat and wheat fields were thick with them. These we allowed to "grow together until the harvest." The fields were then plowed, being very careful that all were turned under that had grown up after the crop was cut, and watch was kept until frost time, for any possible missed one. In the corn, the same measures were adopted as with the burrs, except that it is but little used to cut off with hoes, as the stubs grow quickly again, and pulling up is safest, unless it is quite late in the season. There being no fences, and the roadsides quite smooth and level, they were mowed, thus checking their growth, besides securing quite an amount of hay.

"But your family, your friends, what will they say to your marrying a shop-girl?" she said, her mind going back to gentle Lilly Stanford, irretrievably, because she had so lately had to do with the matter, but feeling for the moment as if scorn and aversion toward her in that sweet young face would be more than she could bear; worse, indeed, than her present situation.

"My family!" "My family," she repeated, "I am entirely independent of their fancies, and fully old enough to choose for myself; besides, they are sensible and kind, and if I am happy, will love you for my sake, and will not do so for their own. Take a little time, Miss Grant, and think over the matter calmly before giving me an answer. I can give you undoubted reference as to my character before the marriage."

"One question," she said, gravely; "I have seen what a love of stimulants can do in a home whether it be rich or poor, and I have vowed sacredly never to marry a man who indulged in them, even in the least degree." She looked at him interrogatively.

"Have no fears in that respect," he replied, earnestly. "I despise any thing of the sort as much as you do, and I honor the more for your resolve in regard to it. I never use liquor in any form."

She raised her eyes and looked in his face long and searchingly; she, too, had a faculty for reading faces, or rather her instincts read for her, and she saw in his face before her which inspired her with confidence, and going to him she stretched out her hands, saying, with a smile, "I will be true to you, and I will abide the consequences of this impulse act. I will accept your offer, and earnestly strive not to disappoint you."

He rose, and taking her hand in his, said quietly, "I shall be the study of my life, to convince you that your normal choice is a wise and happy one. I leave the city to-morrow at 2:15. Shall we let the ceremony at once, in this room?"

"As you please," replied Isabel; she was yet too bewildered to give attention to details.

"Very well, I will call in the morning at nine, and ask Mrs. Arnot for permission to take you to the city," he said, and he left her, with a preoccupied, far-away look in his eyes.

"We are dying to know!" said Jennie Dewey; "has he gone into the millinery business and offered you a position as a woman?" The idea of Isabel and bonnets seemed inseparable.

"He has offered me a position," replied Isabel, dreamily, "not as a saleswoman, but as his wife."

"His wife!" almost screamed Mrs. Arnot in her surprise; "Harvey Falconer, the millionaire; nonsense, girl, you're joking."

"The millionaire?" "It was Isabel's turn to be surprised; she had thought of his position in life and had supposed him to be a comfortable tradesman, or, to come nearer the truth, she had had no definite thoughts on the subject except as his words, 'peace and plenty,' suggested a home of comfortable abundance, and she sat in a chair trembling. 'I'm not joking,' she said, faintly, 'but I had no idea he was a man of such wealth when I accepted him.'"

"There will be a fine humming among the aristocratic friends when they hear he is married a shop-girl," said Mrs. Arnot, scornfully; she had married a canal driver in her days of poverty, in lieu of a better offer, and through all her years of prosperity he had remained the same, ignorant and illiterate, a creature to be kept out of sight of her present circle of friends, so far as possible, and it galled her and filled her with wrath and jealousy that a girl, hitherto dependent upon her for food and bread, should by one stroke of fortune rise so high above her in the social scale which she would occupy as Harvey Falconer's wife. "What a disgrace! what a disgrace!" she said, "he is no longer a shop-girl, but a woman!"

"Time will tell," was Isabel's quiet reply. It seemed to her now, in the family atmosphere of the work room, that it was all a dream, and that Mrs. Arnot's disdainful words were only too reasonable; but she had said, time would tell, and a very short time, for Mrs. Falconer's last words had been: "Expect me at nine to-morrow."

## FARM AND HOUSEHOLD. One acre of grapes has been known to show a greater net profit than twenty acres of grain.

The drinking vessels for fowls should be often refilled and kept clean. Hens drink little at a time, but often. The bees can not work on red clover, but they will store up large quantities of honey from white clover, buckwheat and late flowers. Continued rains will retard the honey product.

The farmer of to-day who succeeds must take advantage of the improvements of the times, keeping up the fertility of his soil so that crops can be raised on it as cheaply as on the fields of those with whom he competes.

Hash on Bread.—Toast squares of bread and wet in hot, salted water. Chop equal quantities of cold fresh meat and potatoes, mix moistly with hash gravy and serve on the toast. Always serve on a well heated platter.—Household.

It has been demonstrated that horses can feed on ensilage with advantage, and that where they are not required to do service, as in winter, an allowance of thirty pounds of ensilage per day will keep horses in good condition.

Stuffed Beefsteak.—Cut a thick slice from a round of beef; rub over with salt and pepper; make a dressing with stale bread, one onion fried brown, salt, pepper, sage and boiling water to moisten; roll it up in the steak and sew the edges of the slice together; bake in quick oven and baste often.

The secret of frying fish crisp and brown, without either egg or bread crumbs, is to dry it well, flour both sides (do not be niggardly with the flour), and plunge it into plenty of boiling fat. Be sure the fat is boiling, and that there is plenty of it, as upon that depends the crispness and brownness of the fish.—Housewife.

Many weeds can be utilized with advantage. Purslane is highly relished by pigs, and the same is true of plantain. Rag weed and pig-weed will also be eaten. If the hogs are made to consume these plants the labor of eradicating them will cost but little, as they can be converted into pork.

There is no plant that grows more highly relished by the hog than pig-weed. Young crab grass is also accepted.

Invest the price of one sheep in bells, as the New York Tribune. Bell every tenth sheep. No dog will attack a flock thus protected. This is not theory; it has been successfully tested more than fifty years. I have known two dogs to do about \$150 damage to sheep (not protected) in a single night. When bells have been tried, a great noise of bells has been heard; and when the pasture was in plain sight of the house, going quickly to the door, a dog would be seen running away and the flock all looking after him.

Salmon Mold.—Boil one pound of salmon for thirty minutes, adding to the water a little salt. Let it get cold. Then separate the meat from the skin and bones and pound it in a mortar or mix it with two ounces of butter. When smooth add two ounces of bread crumbs, half a pint of stock broth, a little anchovy sauce and two eggs, and mix well together. Butter a mold, put in the mixture; stand it in a stewpan of hot water half-way up the mold and boil for forty minutes. When cooked turn upon a dish and serve at once.

## CULTIVATION OF TEA. The Methods Employed by the Farmers of China and Japan.

There are several different varieties of the tea-plant, but the various kinds of the leaf known to commerce are mainly influenced by soil in which the plant is produced and the different manner in which the leaf is prepared. In China the tea-plant blossoms in November, and by the next autumn the seeds are ripe. These are then kept in sand until the following spring, when they are planted. When about eighteen inches high, the top shoots of the plant are pinched off to make them grow in bushy form. When the plants are three years old they yield their first picking of leaves. They attain their maximum yield when about ten years old, and then deteriorate, giving way to young plants. Naturally the plant would grow to the height of a tree, but for the convenience of picking it is kept pruned down to five feet. The earliest picking of the tea leaves is made the first of April. This consists of the buds and the very youngest leaves, and though the smallest picking of the year, is the most valuable, because of the fine flavor of the young leaf. The largest crop of the year is picked about the first of May, and there is a picking of inferior quality in July, and in some localities one of old and poor leaves even later. The leaves when picked are first exposed to the sun and air in shallow baskets; then they are stirred in heated pans, and then are spread upon a table, where workmen take them in small handfuls and rub them to roll them into the form which they finally retain. For fine teas there are repeated heatings and airings, and before packing, they are spread upon a table, and the imperfectly rolled leaves are removed, and the dust and fine fragments sifted out. If the process of drying is completed as rapidly as possible after picking, the tea remains green, but for black tea the process is prolonged. The very bright green teas are said to be dried in copper pans, and sometimes, it is said, a small quantity of Prussian blue is rubbed with them while drying to produce the brilliant color. The Chinese districts in which tea is extensively raised lie between latitude 25 and 31 degrees north. Tea is also extensively cultivated in Japan, in India, and on the Island of Java, also to some extent on some of the South Sea Islands. Some successful experiments have been made in raising tea in this country, both in the Southern States and in California. The cost of labor here is the great difficulty, as there is much slow and tedious work necessary in cultivating the plant and preparing the leaves for commercial use.—Chicago Inter-Ocean.

## Harvest Shortages. The golden harvest time is near and farmers are busy reaping it.

The Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific Railway will sell Harvest Insurance Tickets to all points in Kansas and Nebraska (west of but not the Missouri river), Colorado, Indian Territory, New Mexico, Texas, Wyoming, Utah, Idaho, Dakota, Arizona, Northwestern Iowa and Southwestern Minnesota at ONE FARE FROM THE HOME TOWN. Dates of sale August 6th and 20th, Sept. 10th and 24th and October 6th, 1899; return limit, 30 days from date of sale, thus affording opportunities for investment or the location of farms and homes in growing sections of new country such as were never before exposed to the territory to choose from being very much larger than that included in the scope of any similar previous excursion. The sold tickets express trains of the Rock Island are composed of elegant Day Coaches, Pullman Palace Sleepers, Fast Reclining Chair Cars and Dining Cars to and from Omaha, and via Kansas City and St. Joseph through the most desirable portions of Kansas and Nebraska to Denver, Colorado Springs and Pueblo, where direct communications are made with diverging lines (also at St. Paul) to all points in the States and Territories above named. For more detailed information call on or address JOHN SEBASTIAN, Gen'l Ticket and Pass Agent, Chicago, Ill.

The fastest time made between Jersey City and San Francisco was three days, seven hours, thirty-one minutes and sixteen seconds. Special theatrical train, June, 1898.

A San Francisco firm has built the largest wine cellar in the world, and it is capable of holding 3,000,000 gallons of wine. Its cost was \$250,000.

The several climates of Florida, Colorado and California have each been much prescribed for sufferers from lung diseases, yet thousands of the natives in those States die of this fatal malady. A far more reliable remedy is to be had in the form of a medicine, and one that can be used at home; a remedy which is sold by druggists, under the manufacturers' name, and given a fair trial, it will effect a cure, or money paid for it will be promptly returned. We refer to that world famous remedy for consumption, lung-scurf, known as Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It is the only remedy for this terrible disease, and such superior curative properties as to warrant its manufacturers in selling it under a guarantee.

Don't hawk and blow, and spit, but use Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy. Of druggists.

The chances of fatal accident in railway travel are one killed in 10,000,000. Statistics show more are killed by falling out of windows than in railway accidents.

Oregon, the Paradise of Farmers. Mild, equable climate, certain and abundant crops, best fruit, grain, stock country in the West. Full information free. Address Oregon Immigration Board, Portland, Oregon.

The fastest time made by a train was thirty-two miles in thirty minutes, one mile being made in forty-six seconds, on the Philadelphia & Reading railway.

Is it probable that a million women say after daily trial is a mistake? They say they know by trial that Dobbin's Electric is a wonderful remedy for all sorts of ailments. They have had 34 years to try it. You give it one trial.

The longest American railway tunnel is the Hoosac tunnel, on the Fitchburg railway, which is four and three-quarters miles long.

Afflicted with Sore Eyes use Dr. Isaac Thompson's Eye Water. Druggists sell it.

We can form an idea of what is called "the iron of fate" when we hear of a life-long lover finding a watery grave.

## THE MARKETS. CINCINNATI, July 8.

LIVESTOCK—Cattle—Common	50	2 1/2
Choice butchers	50	2 1/2
HOGS—Common	40	2 1/2
Good packers	40	2 1/2
SHEEP—Good to choice	40	2 1/2
LAMBS—Good to choice	40	2 1/2
WHEAT—No. 1	80	60
Do. No. 2	75	55
Do. No. 3	70	50
Do. No. 4	65	45
Do. No. 5	60	40
Do. No. 6	55	35
Do. No. 7	50	30
Do. No. 8	45	25
Do. No. 9	40	20
Do. No. 10	35	15
Do. No. 11	30	10
Do. No. 12	25	5
Do. No. 13	20	0
Do. No. 14	15	0
Do. No. 15	10	0
Do. No. 16	5	0
Do. No. 17	0	0
Do. No. 18	0	0
Do. No. 19	0	0
Do. No. 20	0	0

FLLOUR—State and Western	3 1/2	1 1/2
GRAIN—Wheat—No. 1	80	60
Do. No. 2	75	55
Do. No. 3	70	50
Do. No. 4	65	45
Do. No. 5	60	40
Do. No. 6	55	35
Do. No. 7	50	30
Do. No. 8	45	25
Do. No. 9	40	20
Do. No. 10	35	15
Do. No. 11	30	10
Do. No. 12	25	5
Do. No. 13	20	0
Do. No. 14	15	0
Do. No. 15	10	0
Do. No. 16	5	0
Do. No. 17	0	0
Do. No. 18	0	0
Do. No. 19	0	0
Do. No. 20	0	0

FLLOUR—Family	3 1/2	1 1/2
GRAIN—Wheat—No. 1	80	60
Do. No. 2	75	55
Do. No. 3	70	50
Do. No. 4	65	45
Do. No. 5	60	40
Do. No. 6	55	35
Do. No. 7	50	30
Do. No. 8	45	25
Do. No. 9	40	20
Do. No. 10	35	15
Do. No. 11	30	10
Do. No. 12	25	5
Do. No. 13	20	0
Do. No. 14	15	0
Do. No. 15	10	0
Do. No. 16	5	0
Do. No. 17	0	0
Do. No. 18	0	0
Do. No. 19	0	0
Do. No. 20	0	0

## Two Highly Questionable. North and South America, besides Europe, are the fields of usefulness in which the most useful of men have demonstrated their value as an antidote to malaria, rheumatism, neuralgia, biliousness, constipation, and loss of appetite and sleep.

The line of railway extending farther west and west is the Canadian Pacific railway, running from Quebec to the Pacific Ocean.

Having done business in the United States for years, our reputation and responsibility is established. We want three men in your vicinity to represent us, to whom exclusive territory will be given. Handsome outfit free. Salary and expenses or commission paid weekly, previous experience not required. Hardly a specialty. Write at once for terms to May Brothers, Nurserymen, Rochester, N. Y.

The longest mileage operated by a single system, about 3,000 miles.

"The Gods give no great good without labor," is the motto of the great inventor, Edison. He is the man who has made the world a better place by his inventions. He is the man who has made the world a better place by his inventions.

Don't hawk and blow, and spit, but use Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy. Of druggists.

The chances of fatal accident in railway travel are one killed in 10,000,000. Statistics show more are killed by falling out of windows than in railway accidents.

Oregon, the Paradise of Farmers. Mild, equable climate, certain and abundant crops, best fruit, grain, stock country in the West. Full information free. Address Oregon Immigration Board, Portland, Oregon.

The fastest time made by a train was thirty-two miles in thirty minutes, one mile being made in forty-six seconds, on the Philadelphia & Reading railway.

Is it probable that a million women say after daily trial is a mistake? They say they know by trial that Dobbin's Electric is a wonderful remedy for all sorts of ailments. They have had 34 years to try it. You give it one trial.

The longest American railway tunnel is the Hoosac tunnel, on the Fitchburg railway, which is four and three-quarters miles long.

Afflicted with Sore Eyes use Dr. Isaac Thompson's Eye Water. Druggists sell it.

We can form an idea of what is called "the iron of fate" when we hear of a life-long lover finding a watery grave.

## Weak and Weary. Describes the condition of many people debilitated by the warm weather, by disease, or overwork.

Hood's Sarsaparilla. Sold by all druggists. \$1; six for \$5. Prepared only by C. C. HOOD & CO., Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar. Pennsylvania Agricultural Works, York, Pa. Farquhar's Standard Engines and Saw Mills. Farquhar's Standard Engines and Saw Mills. Farquhar's Standard Engines and Saw Mills.

Farquhar's Standard Engines and Saw Mills. Farquhar's Standard Engines and Saw Mills. Farquhar's Standard Engines and Saw Mills.